

Everyone talking - A life journey with your kidneys First series 3<sup>rd</sup> episode: 2 November 2021

## Kidney Failure and you At the crossroad for replacement therapy

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#### **Kidney disease** → a different "Life"

Kidney disease cause health problems and may affect your life in many ways → a challenging life journey in the future, not easy.

But kidney disease is not a terminal illness

→ many treatment options (roads), can live well.

## Facing the kidney disease positively Live well with kidney disease

#### A "Life" journey with your Kidneys

#### **Know**

your kidneys (function)

#### **Protect** your kidneys

**Aware** who are at high risk of kidney disease

**Aware** of the symptoms of kidney disease

**Know** how to get tested for kidney disease to make a diagnosis

#### **Understand**

kidney diseases

#### Manage

kidney diseases

- treatment
- prevent / slowdownthe deteriorationof Kidney failure
- prevent complications

#### Manage kidney failure

- Accept the kidney failure
- Slow down the deterioration
- Manage symptoms
- Secondary Prevention
- Renal replacement therapy: Dialysis, transplantation
- > Preparation
- > Start dialysis at appropriate time
- > Care for oneself
- Rehabilitation

#### Plan for the future

- Medical care
- Family
- Work
- Life style
- Life impact
- Financial matter
- End of life care

### Understand and accept the illness

1.

Many kidney diseases are chronic illness, not going to disappear

2.

If managed well, the kidney disease can be controlled. (stabilize or slow down the deuteriation) 3.

Some kidney
diseases can
progress to endstage renal failure,
but good treatment
and care can slow
the progression.

# How to monitor the kidney function

### When to Start Dialysis?

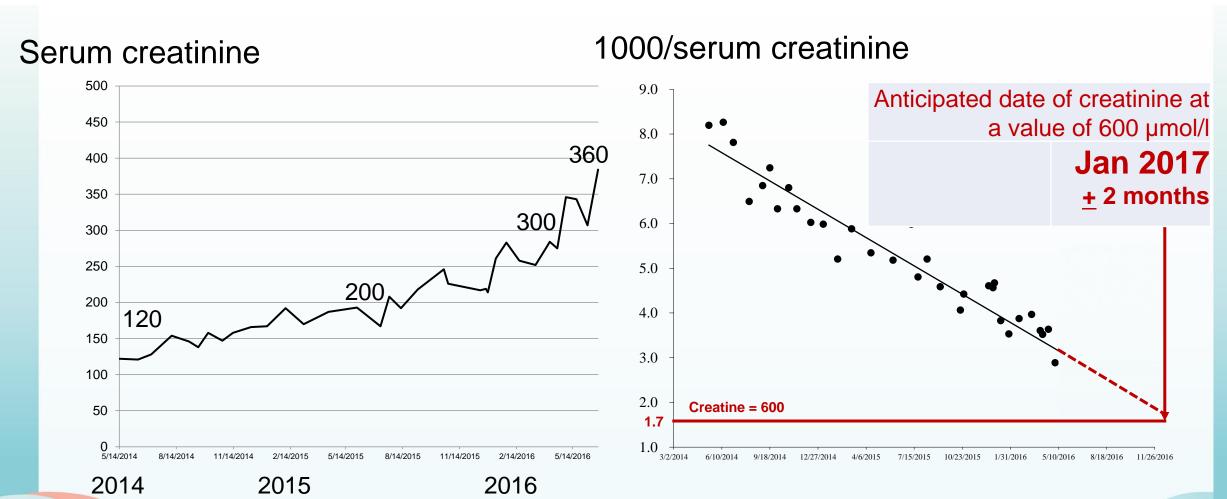
#### Possible consequences of delaying dialysis?

- Fluid overload (difficulty breathing and swelling)
- Electrolyte imbalance (high blood potassium can lead to heart problems including death)
- Heart complication (e.g. inflammation of the pericardium)
- Uraemia (stupor, coma and convulsion)
- → without intervention, uraemia will progress and may cause death

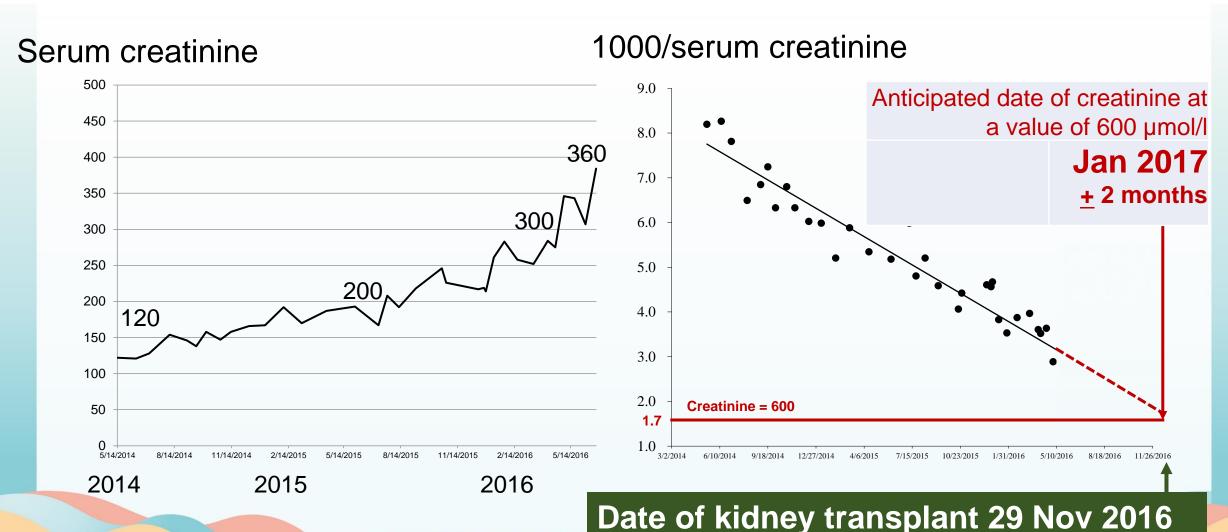
Best to plan ahead and be prepared in advance

# Predicting Kidney Failure Progression in Chronic Kidney Disease

## Predicting Kidney Failure Progression & When to have Kidney Replacement Therapy



## Predicting Kidney Failure Progression & When to have Kidney Replacement Therapy



| Stage 3  Moderate Chronic Kidney Disease   | Stage 4 Severe Chronic Kidney Disease  | Stage 5 End-stage Chronic Kidney Disease  |
|--|--|---|
| GFR:30-59 ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> Kidney Replacement Therapy (dialysis, kidney transplant)  Planning | Kidney Replacement Therapy (dialysis, kidney transplant)  Preparation                      | GFR: < 15 ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> Kidney Replacement Therapy (dialysis, kidney transplant)  Start |
| When to start? What are the options? What is your preference?  | Haemodialysis  - creation of AV access  Peritoneal dialysis  - implantation of PD catheter | Training  |

**Kidney transplant** 

- feasibility of living donor

# Patients Receiving Renal Replacement Therapy in Hong Kong

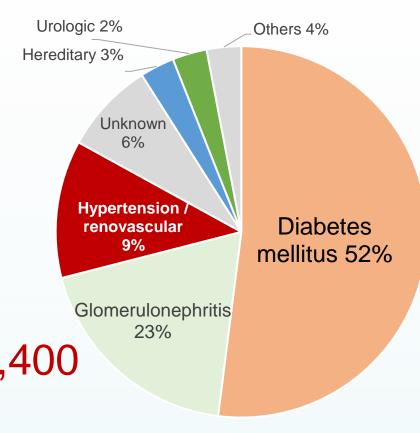
#### Patients Receiving Renal Replacement Therapy in Hong Kong

### **New patients**

In 2020, there were 1,293 new patients accepted into the RRT programs\*

Average age 62

It was estimated that there were ~1,400 new RRT patients in Hong Kong



Incident rate 173 patients per million population

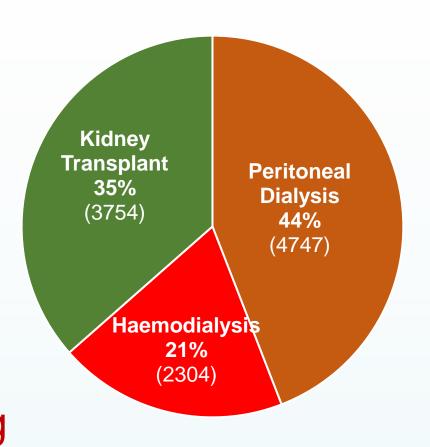
#### Patients Receiving Renal Replacement Therapy in Hong Kong

#### **Total # patients**

In 2020, there were 10,805 RRT patients under Hospital Authority\*

Average age 60

It was estimated that there were ~12,000 RRT patients in Hong Kong



Prevalent rate 1,446 patients per million population

## Renal Replacement Therapy

Peritoneal Dialysis
Haemodialysis
Kidney Transplant

# Peritoneal Dialysis (PD)

#### PD – Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis (CAPD)

#### Manual exchange







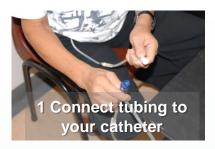








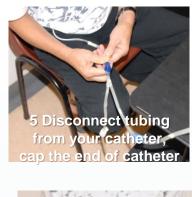
#### CAPD Manual exchange















Each exchange lasts for 30-60 minutes

7 am

2 pm

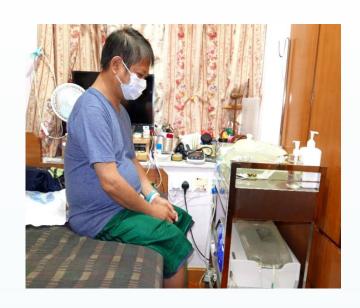
Assuming 3 exchanges a day

10 pm

3-4 exchanges a day

#### PD – Automated Peritoneal Dialysis (APD)

Exchange by machine



Operate by patient (or their Caregiver), receive the treatment at night while sleeping

Patient (or their caregiver) can return to work in daytime and enhance rehabilitation

10 pm

7 am

## APD Exchange by machine











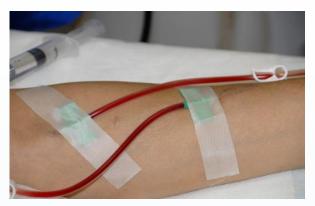






# Haemodialysis (HD)

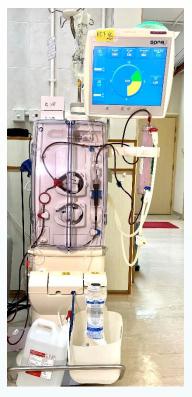
## In-centre Haemodialysis













Usually carry out 2-3 days a week with each session lasting for 4-5 hours

## **Home Haemodialysis**





Carry out by patient at home (± assisted by caregiver), usually 3-4 days a week for 6-9 hours overnight.

## Kidney Replacement Therapy

Peritoneal Dialysis, Haemodialysis, Kidney Transplant

How to make the right choice?

#### 1. Perspective of care provider

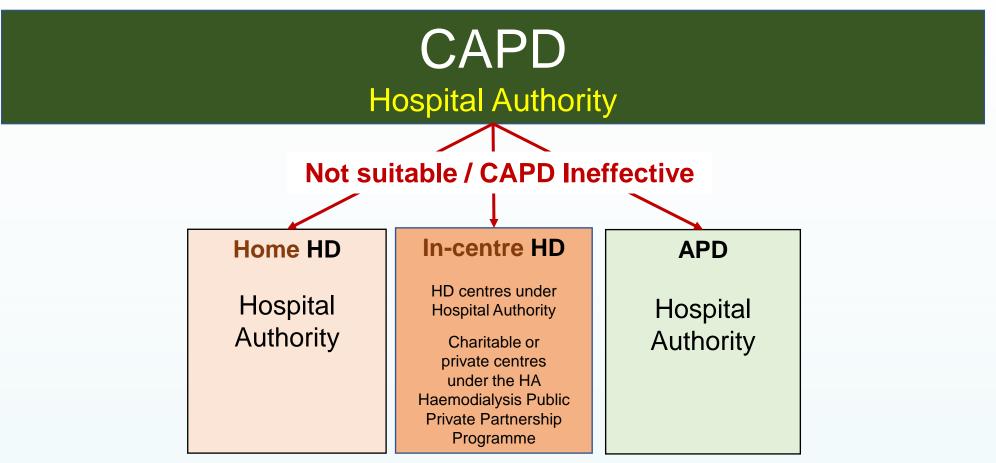
Using treatment from

Government-funded (Hospital Authority),
Private sector

Charitable organisations

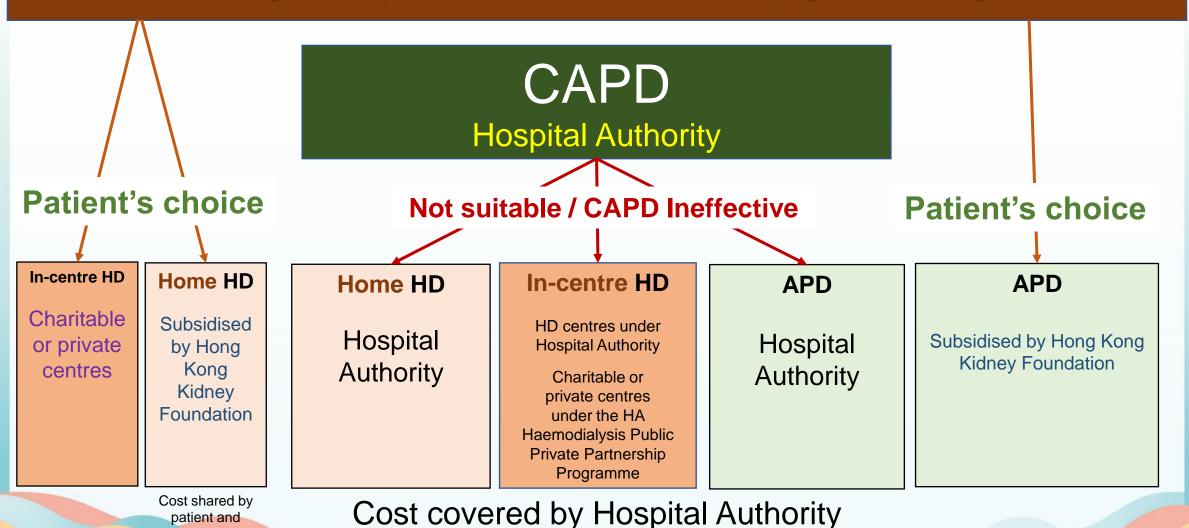
A patient's choice

#### Kidney Replacement Therapy - Dialysis



Cost covered by Hospital Authority

#### Kidney Replacement Therapy - Dialysis



Hospital Authority

## 2. Comparing different types of Kidney Replacement Therapy

# **CAPD**Manual exchange

#### **CAPD**

- Provide by Hospital Authority for patients who benefit from kidney replacement therapy.
- Hospital Authority CAPD Priority Policy Hospital Authority will provide CAPD unless contraindicated.
- Perform by patients or their caregivers at home, usually 3-4 exchanges a day and each exchange lasts for about 30-60 minutes.



#### **Advantages**

- Perform at home by patient, no machine required
  - Continuous therapy
  - Better preserve residual kidney function
- Can allow for fewer dietary restrictions
  - Allow for travel
  - Last for 4-5 years for most of the patients, some to 10 years or longer
    - Provide by Hospital Authority

#### **Disadvantages**

- Must schedule dialysis into your daily routine
- May gain fluid if poor PD drainage
- Run risk of peritonitis (on average one episode per 3.2 patient-year)
  - Need ample storage space in your home for supplies

An economic burden

# APD Exchange by machine

### **APD**

- (1) Provide by Hospital Authority to suitable patients with medical needs (~ 220 quota).
- (2) Patient's choice: Have to fulfil certain criteria, e.g.
  - Patient's (or the caregiver) ability to operate the APD machine
  - Able to afford part of the treatment cost
  - Can join the Hong Kong Kidney Foundation

Free-Loan APD Program or Co-Fund Co-Use APD Program

### **APD**

## Hong Kong Kidney Foundation Free-Loan APD Program

HKKF will loan an APD machine to patient free of charge if the patient meets the criteria based on financial assessment.

Since 1997, HKKF has procured 889 APD machine and supported 1,970 patients with free loaning of an APD machine, on average for 3-4 years, some to 10 years.

HKKF currently has <u>665</u> APD machines for free loaning to patients.

### **APD**

## Hong Kong Kidney Foundation Co-Fund Co-Use APD Program

The program is for patient opting for APD treatment but does not meet the criteria for free loaning of an APD machine from HKKF.

Patient contributes \$2333\* a month to the Fund for a maximum of 36 months.

Patient does not need to contribute afterwards and can continue to use the machine till he does not need to be on the treatment.

The machine is owned by HKKF for patient use on a rotation basis. It is a self-sustaining program and provide funding for HKKF to buy more machines for the program.

## **APD** in contrast to CAPD

#### Advantages

- Perform treatment every night while patients are asleep
- Operate by patients or their caregivers
- Leave the daytime free and greater lifestyle flexibility
- lower intra-abdominal pressure during recumbency

#### Disadvantages (if choose by patient for non-medical reasons)

- (1) Cost of an APD machine
  - Machine cost ~\$100,000-\$130,000
  - Equipment Rental ~\$2,500-\$3,210 a month
  - HKKF Free-Loan APD Program
    HKKF Co-Fund Co-Use APD Program

(\$2,333 a month, maximum 36 months, free afterwards)

(2) Economic burden

The above expenses are for reference only

# Haemodialysis

## Haemodialysis

### Patient's Choice

Private dialysis centre

Charitable dialysis centre

Home HD

Supported by HKKF

e.g.
Lions Kidney Educational Centre
and Research Foundation
Hong Kong Kidney Foundation
Other centre

Patient's choice

**Hospital Authority** 

Home HD The HA
Haemodialysis
Public Private
Partnership
Programme

Dialysis centres under Hospital Authority

For patients who are not or no longer suitable for peritoneal dialysis

# In-centre Haemodialysis in contrast to CAPD

### **Advantages**

- Usually 2-3 treatments a week, giving patients 4-5 days off
- No equipment or supplies have to be kept at home

#### **Disadvantages**

- Intermittent therapy, strict renal diet and fluid restrictions are required
- Having too much water in the body may have a higher cardiac event
- Access sites run the risk for infection
- May not be able to set their own treatment schedule
- Travel to a dialysis centre

Economic burden if it's a patient's choice treatment

## Home Haemodialysis

## Home Haemodialysis

- Nocturnal home HD by Hospital Authority has been implemented since 2007.
- It is carried out by patient at home, usually 3-4 treatments a week for 6-9 hours overnight or in daytime.
- Target patients
  - (1) Home HD provided by Hospital Authority (medical reasons):

    For patients who are not or no longer suitable for peritoneal dialysis, and elect to choose home HD.
    - (2) Patient's choice (social reasons):
      Patients who are suitable for home HD.
      Patients need to join the machine rental plan (\$3,000 a month).
      HKKF (Li Ka Shing Foundation) provides a monthly subsidy of \$3,000.
- Hospital Authority provides the training and consumables.

## Home Haemodialysis in contrast to CAPD

## **Advantages**

- Carry out by patient at home, usually 3-4 treatments a week for 6-9 hours overnight.
- Greater flexibility in the treatment schedule
- More freedom in their daily living
- Fewer dietary restrictions
- Longer dialysis more closely mimics the natural functions of the kidneys

## **Disadvantages**

- Dialysis equipment have to be kept at home
- May require home plumbing and electrical renovations to install a dialysis machine
- Time to set up the dialysis equipment and needling

Economic burden if it's a patient's choice treatment

## 3. Longer-term plan

Dialysis => Kidney transplant

# Kidney Transplant

Hospital Authority

Private, Mainland China & overseas

Deceased donor

Living donor (family member)

Living-donor kidney transplant can be done before dialysis is needed

## 4. Conservative Care

Patients with end-stage kidney disease who are deemed not suitable or elect not to pursue kidney replacement therapy



# Conservative Care in Patients with End-stage Kidney Disease

Patients not opt for or not benefit from kidney replacement therapy can opt for conservative care after shared decision making with family and health care professionals.

It is a treatment option for patients
with end-stage kidney disease.

Health care professionals focus on enhancing quality of life
and improving symptoms through a holistic care
and multidisciplinary approach.

## 5. Financial Consideration

Conversion: HK\$1,000 = US\$128

# Peritoneal Dialysis \$\$\$

CAPD APD

Hospital **Authority** Initiation cost (one-off): ~\$4,500-\$5,000 Recurrent cost (monthly): ~\$1,000-\$1,500 1st month expenses

~\$5,700 ~\$1,000-\$1,500

Hospital **Authority** 

Initiation cost (one-off): ~\$3,000-\$4,000

Recurrent cost (monthly): ~\$800-\$1,000

~\$4,400

~\$800-\$1,000

Patient's choice

Subsidised by Hong Kong Kidney Foundation

Free-Loan APD Program May rent same model from supplier while waiting approval Co-Fund Co-Use APD Program

\$2,333/month for 36 months

**Equipment rental (monthly)** 

~\$2,500-\$3,210

Direct rental from

suppliers

Initiation cost (one-off): : ~\$3,000-\$4,000

Recurrent cost (monthly):~\$2,300-\$2,500

Insurance contract:~\$720 annually Maintenance contract: ~\$4,200-\$4,500 annually Purchase at 19th month Purchase at 37th month

> + 2 months upfront contribution (\$4,666)

> > ~\$11,300

(Supplier A) deposit \$5,000 + 2 months upfront payment (Supplier B) deposit \$3,210

\$12,300-15,900

~\$4,700

\$4,900-\$5,610

May seek financial assistance from a medical social worker

~\$6,600

~\$2,400

Subsequent

monthly expenses

# Haemodialysis \$\$\$

| Centre   | Home  | Home               | Centre  |
|--|---|--------------------|---|
| Charitable & private organisations               | Patient's choice  | Hospital Authority | Dialysis centres under Hospital<br>Authority and the HA Haemodialysis<br>Public Private Partnership |
| Charitable<br>\$1,200 - \$2,000<br>per treatment | Water cost:~\$150-\$300 a month Electricity cost:~\$150-\$400 a month  Consumables:~\$1,000 a month           |                    | \$120 per treatment 2-3 treatments a week   |
| Private<br>\$xxxx                                | Delivery charge:~\$150 a month  Equipment rental:\$3,000* a month  *subsidized by Hong Kong Kidney Foundation |                    |   |

~\$1,500-\$1,700 a month

May seek financial assistance from a medical social worker

## Kidney Replacement Therapy

Financial Burden on Hospital Authority

## Kidney Replacement Therapy

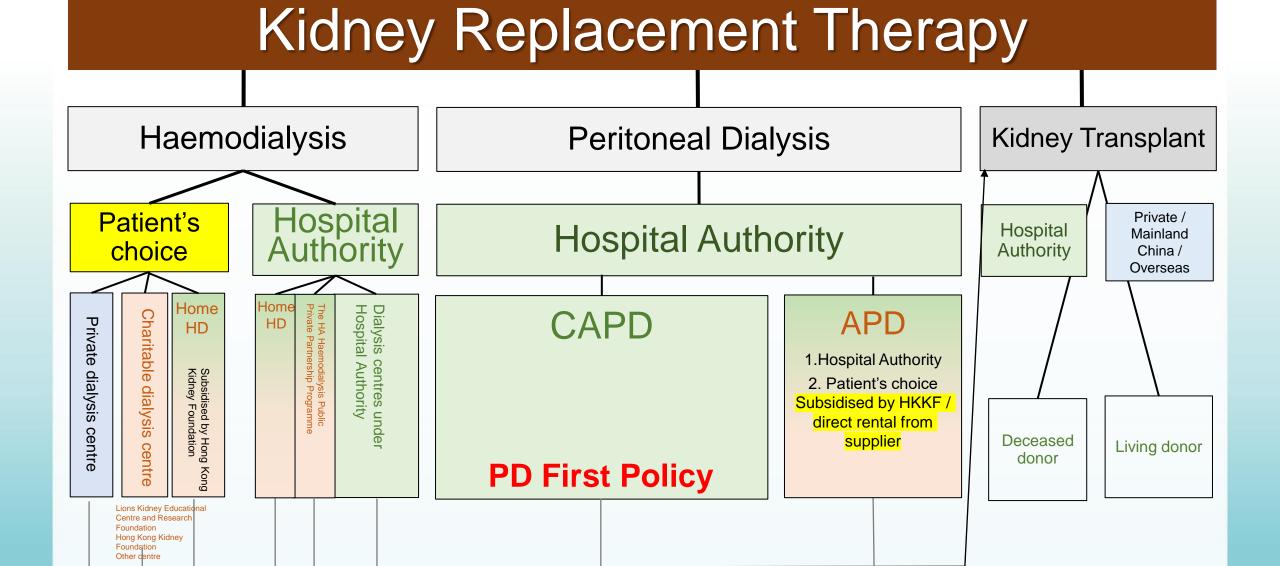
#### Financial Burden of Hospital Authority – Direct Medical Expenses

|   | Haemodialysis |              | Peritoneal<br>Dialysis | Kidney<br>Transplant |
|---|---------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------------|
|   | Home HD       | In-centre HD |                        |                      |
| Total annual cost in initial year including dialysis access surgery | ~HK\$223,000  | ~HK\$400,000 | ~HK\$118,000           | ~HK\$250,000         |
| Total annual cost subsequent year                                   | ~HK\$87,000   | ~\$HK360,000 | ~HK\$81,000            | ~HK\$60,000          |

Conversion: HK\$1,000 = US\$128

## Living with Kidney Disease

Discuss with your Health Care Team and Family to consider your options



#### Conservative Care in ESKD

# Face kidney disease positively Living well with kidney disease

積極面對腎病復患生

#### Host organiser: Hong Kong Kidney Foundation https://hkkf.org.hk/



Co-organisers: Hong Kong Association of Renal Nurses https://www.hkarn.com



#### Co-organisers: Hong Kong Society of Nephrology https://www.hksn.org/



Partner: Alliance for Renal Patients Mutual Help Association http://www.arpmha.org.hk/



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